



# Lyng Primary School Knowledge Organiser



Topic:	How did early humans choose where to settle?	Year 3 Battles, beliefs and buildings	Autumn 1
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## Background information for parents and teachers

Around 800,000 years ago Britain was joined to continental Europe by a land bridge allowing humans to move around the whole region.

Palaeolithic era - the climate in Britain changed several times with large areas of land covered with thick ice during the coldest periods known as the Ice Ages.

Mesolithic - This period of prehistory marked the end of the last Ice Age. Humans returned to Britain as the climate got warmer and followed a hunter gatherer life style.



## What Step On and Goldilocks words will I use?

Spelling	Definition
border	The <b>border</b> between <b>two countries</b> or regions is the <b>dividing line between them</b> .
capital	The <b>capital</b> of a country is the <b>city or town</b> where its <b>government</b> or <b>parliament meets</b> .
compass	A <b>compass</b> is an instrument that you use for <b>finding directions</b> .
human geography	The branch of geography dealing with how <b>human activity</b> is influenced by the earth's surface
land use	The <b>function of the land</b> and what people decide to use it for.
location	A <b>location</b> is the <b>place</b> where something is <b>situated</b> .
peak	A <b>peak</b> is a mountain or the <b>top of a mountain</b> .
physical geography	The <b>branch of geography</b> that deals with the <b>natural features</b> of the earth's surface
plain	A <b>plain</b> is a <b>large flat area of land</b> with very few trees on it.
settlement	A <b>settlement</b> is a place where people have come to live and have built homes.
survey	<b>Study</b> or look at the <b>land carefully</b>
terrain	<b>Terrain</b> is used to refer to an area of land or a type of land when you are considering its <b>physical features</b> .
valley	A <b>valley</b> is a <b>low stretch of land between hills</b> , especially one that has a river flowing through it.

## Geographical study

### Topography - physical geography

- Looking at the topography of Britain.
- Locating rivers, mountain and other natural features.
- Looking at where people settled and why.
- Look at how aspects of Britain have changed over time.

### Fieldwork Opportunities

- Building a shelter in the most suitable location in forest school
- Map work on the field, using compass point



### Significant places

- UK
- Mountains of the UK
- Rivers of the UK





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Topic:	Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age	Year 3 Battles, beliefs and buildings	Autumn 1
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1. Which city is the capital of England?	<b>S</b>	<b>E</b>
a) Birmingham		
b) London		
c) York		

2. What is a peak?	<b>S</b>	<b>E</b>
a) The top of a mountain		
b) The bottom of a river		
c) The start of a road		

3. Name the four compass points.		
<b>S</b> =		<b>E</b>

4. What is a settlement?	<b>S</b>	<b>E</b>
a) A place where people live		
b) A stone age tool		
c) A timeline of events		

5. Which one of these is not a river in the UK?	<b>S</b>	<b>E</b>
a) River Nile		
b) River Severn		
c) River Thames		

6. Which is the highest mountain in the UK?	<b>S</b>	<b>E</b>
a) Snowdon		
b) Ben Nevis		
c) Skiddaw		

8. A capital city is where the government or parliament meet. True or false?		
<b>S</b> =		<b>E</b> =

9. What does the word population mean?	<b>S</b>	<b>E</b>
a) A variety of foods		
b) A group of countries		
c) All the people who live in it.		

10. Which continent is Britain part of?	<b>S</b>	<b>E</b>
a) Europe		
b) Asia		
c) North America		